R H Womble

THE DAILY PROGRESS.

VOL. V. RALEIGH, MONDAY, NOV. 30, 1863. NO. 17.

BY J. L. PENNINGTON.

TERMS OF SUBSCRIPTION.

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DAILY PROGRESS.

MONDAY, NOV. 30, 1863.

TELEGRAPHIC NEWS.

[TELEGRAPHIC REPORTS FOR THE PRESS ASSOCIATION.]

Entered according to act of Congress, in the year 1861, by J. S. Thrasher, in the Clerk's Office of the District Court of the Confederate States of the Northern District of Georgia.

Later from the North--Burnside Means to Hold Knoxville--The Fight on Lookout.

RICHMOND, Nov. 28.—Northern Journals to the 26th inclusive, have been received. Burnside was holding out at Knoxville on the 23d. He had notified the citizens that he would hold the place under all circumstances. Foster was at Cincinnati *en route* for Knoxville.

The situation on the 26th was satisfactory. There was heavy fighting west of the town on Saturday.

On Tuesday, Hooker, with the divisions of Geary and Osterhaus and two brigades of another corps, secured a position on the north slope of Lookout Mountain, with but small loss. The Confederates lost five to six hundred prisoners. Every— [Here the dispatch breaks off, the wires refusing to work. No connection North or South at the hour of closing last night.—ED. PROGRESS.]

From Bragg's Army—Nothing Satisfactory Yet.

ATLANTA, Nov. 27.—The wires were down last night and yesterday this side of Marietta and have just recommenced working. The city is full of conflicting rumors. Passengers down on the 2 o'clock a. m. train say our line of battle is at Chickamauga. The men are not disheartened or disorganized. We have lost many prisoners, variously estimated at five thousand and upwards. All our dead and seriously wounded are in the enemy's hands. In the attack on Lookout, the enemy's loss was comparatively greater than ours. They drove us back by the sheer force of numbers. It is not known if the fight was renewed yesterday.

Some Particulars of the Great Battle near Chickamauga--Desperate Fighting--Heavy Loss on both Sides, &c., &c.

ATLANTA, Nov. 27.—Nothing since morning from the army. The *Confederacy* learns from a general officer, just down, that light skirmishing began Saturday, intensifying Sunday and Monday, and becoming continuous along the line, and at day-light on Tuesday, the battle began; the enemy charging impetuously on Lookout Mountain, forty-thousand strong; at the same time occupying the attention of our right wing at the foot of Missionary ridge. The onset, at first not impetuous, increased in vigor and volume as the day advanced. Hill's corps, commanded by Breckinridge, met the shock with unflinching courage. Late in the afternoon the enemy increased their repeated attacks and made an impression on our lines; and at 4 p. m. the left centre gave way, the enemy pouring through the valley like a flood.

Our forces on Lookout seeing themselves cut off got confused, retreating in disorder. During the night, the enemy not pursuing, the remnant of our left were withdrawn to Mission Ridge, when our troops were massed for the morrow's battle. Some of our commands on the left were captured. Wednesday, before sunrise, the enemy advanced his whole force with ardor upon the works at the foot of Mission Ridge. General Hardee commanding, met the attack with wonderful vigor and success. Charge after charge was repulsed, and five thousand dead Yankee's lay in front of our works. Our right stood firm.

The battle ceased at dark on Wednesday. After nightfall the enemy improved his position on Lookout, posting batteries to enfilade our position on Mission Ridge, necessitating the evacuation of that position, and our line fell back to the eastward of Mission Ridge, behind Chickamauga, where it now stands.

The battle was not renewed Thursday.

Our loss in killed and wounded not a thousand. The enemy's at least twenty thousand. Our loss in prisoners is not known. We have six hundred prisoners. Grant commanded in person. Washington and Cobb's batteries lost all their guns. Gen. Waltham is not seriously wounded. He is now here. Gov. Harris fought through the battle. He is also here. Our wounded are beginning to arrive. Bragg's headquarters are now at Ringgold.

From Charleston- Shelling the City.

CHARLESTON, Nov. 27.—The enemy threw six shells into the city to-day. Only two buildings were struck and nobody hurt. The shelling of Sumter, Forts Moultrie and Johnston, together with battery Simkins, by the enemy, from Gregg and Wagner, has been lively and continuous. The number of shots of all kinds fired on Sumter, Thursday and Friday, four hundred and sixty-one, of which two hundred and eighteen missed. No casualties and no damage to the works.

[SECOND DISPATCH.]

CHARLESTON, Nov. 28.—Nothing new this morning.—Mortar shelling of Sumter was continued all last night.

Later from Knoxville—Part of the City Burnt by the Yankees—Burnside Hemmed, &c.

BRISTOL, Nov. 28.—Persons from the vicinity of Knoxville on Tuesday represent the city completely invested by our forces, who were shelling it. All the city North of the railroad had been burned by the enemy. Twenty-eight prisoners, captured by our cavalry on Clinch River, below Bean's Station, have arrived here. All that portion of the State has been evacuated by the enemy, who retreated to Cumberland Gap, closely pursued by our cavalry.

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We learn that a fight occurred between two citizens on Saturday evening, and that a third person going to part them was severely and dangerously wounded. The party using the knife is in jail. The person cut is spoken of as an amiable, peaceable man.

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A POOR GIRL'S FORTUNES IN ATLANTA.

From the Atlanta Daily Register.]

Men, after all all their laudations of woman's truth and consequent limitless confidence in those she loves have no accurate conception of the follies she oft commits, impelled by the best emotions and most refined sentiments which God vouchsafes to human worth and character. The story we would tell not only illustrates the genuine worth of woman, her own truth and confidence in others, so great, that it becomes a crime in the eyes of those more criminal than herself; but this narrative demonstrates the truth of another proposition, that poverty with its plain apparel and in its humble abode, is the handmaiden of true christian charity.

A poor girl, not more than 18 years of age, full of life and hope, decked with all the charms of youth, innocent and confiding, loved not wisely, but too well, a gaily dressed officer of the army. He induced her to leave the home of her innocent childhood, where she was petted and spoiled, where a plain old woman, trusting in God, mingled prayers for our soldiers, with those that ascended to Heaven for the happiness of her child. A soldier came; the daughter loved him; her mother's prayer had paved the way for the seducer. Ruined, the poor victim of his wiles was brought to this city. They occupied for a time apartments at one of the hotels; but the sated profligate grew weary of charms which once delighted and enslaved him. He betrayed a baseness not unparalleled. The first crime paved the way for villianny of as deep a dye He robbed the helpless girl of the little earnings which the needle had accumulated in hands of innocence and left her penniless, unknown, without a shelter or a friend, in a city of adventurers. The landlord knew nothing of her history and asked for nothing but his bill. The answer was the tears of a wretched woman which have often filled the purses of the proud and heartless. She was turned into the street and sought everywhere in vain for lodgings. Men eyed her with suspicion and women turned away with proud disdain when she asked shelter for a single night.

Late at night, worn down with anxiety, hunger and fatigue, the miserable girl slept on the stairway of one of the public buildings of the the city. A policeman found her, heard her piteous story, and with an instinctive knowledge of human character, instead of applying to the rich for kindness, went to the humble and unfortunate. He conducted her to the cottage of a poor widow in the suburbs. After hearing the story of her life the good dame said, "I too have a daughter, and may her fate never be yours; but if it should, God grant that some one may show my child the kindness I extend to you."

There was wisdom as well as true christian benevolence in the saying and conduct of the poor widow. Is there a reader of the *Register* environed by all that station, wealth and refinement can bestow who may not profit by this lesson of charity and love? The woes of this revolution should excite rather than destroy, every emotion of human sympathy. The objects of christian charity were never so numerous, and kindness and generous philanthrophy should be sleepless watchers at the portal of every heart.

Poor Jeanette! her history must be that of thousands like her. She knew nothing of the wickedness of the world and became its victim. She has returned to her home, but all its joys have fled. A broken-hearted mother must soon go down in sorrow to the grave, and Jeanette's history is written in that of many a hapless girl whose fault the world can never pardon and never even pity as did the poor widow of the suburbs.

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LEE AND MEADE—BATTLE IMMINENT.

Important movements are said to be on foot on the Rapidan and a great battle is hourly expected. The *Examiner* of Saturday says:

Great military movements are on foot along the Rapidan, but the authentic intelligence that can be obtained from that interesting quarter is exceedingly meagre. There is no official information that it suits the views of the Government to make public, and for our scanty news we are dependent entirely upon the reports of persons who reached the city last night from Fredericksburg and Gordonsville.

Persons from Fredericksburg report that five thousand of the enemy, cavalry, artillery and infantry, crossed the Rapidan at Ely's ford on Wednesday night, and that on yesterday, at nine o'clock a. m., they were in sight of our pickets, who occupied the old battle-field of Chancellorsville. It is believed that it was Meade's design to throw over his whole army at that point. When the train left Hamilton's Crossing at eleven o'clock, a. m., yesterday, a slow but continuous cannonade was heard in the direction of Ely's and Germana fords.

Passengers from Gordonsville say they heard no firing.

When it was first reported here that Meade was advancing, it was said that it was his intention to attack General Lee on both flanks. We hear nothing now of such a movement, though it was rumored on the streets that he had occupied Orange Court House yesterday morning.

There is every reason to believe that we are to have another great battle on the Rapidan. Everything in our knowledge seems to indicate that it is to be fought in Spottsylvania county, somewhere between the Court House and Chancellorsville. But Hooker's old entrenchments at the latter place are still standing, just as he left them, and it may suit Meade to occupy the position and await attack; or, in case none is made upon him, to winter there. A day or two, or perhaps a few hours, may develop his plans.

Of the movements of our own troops we know very little, and will say nothing. No one has a doubt but that they will be found in the right place at the right time.

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DEATHS AT JOHNSON'S ISLAND.—One of the relieved Confederate Surgeons has handed the Richmond *Dispatch* the following list of deaths of Confederate officers who have died in the Federal prisons at Johnson's Island since July 20th:

Lt.-Col A. P. Hamilton, 1st Miss; Capts. G W Fuller (commander of gunboat,) S C; D C Webb, 1st Ala cavalry; J W Mullins, 1st Miss batt; C Gillespie, 65th N C; C M Tugle, 33d Ga; J M D King, 9th Ga; F M Ezell. 13th Tenn; A E Upchurch, 55th N C; J D Hardy, 18th Arkansas; S W Henry, 9th Tennessee cavalry; J C Peden, regiment unknown.—Lieutenants W J Hudson, 2d N C batt; W A Harvin, 51st Ga; Jno Hufsetter, 1st Ark batt; J M Musselman, 14th La; M Lyon, 45th N C; J M D Stevenson, 15th Ark.; S R Graham, 3d Texas cav; W P Harden, 5th N C; L B Williams, 63d N C; J M Dodson, 10th Tenn; E A M Orr, 62d N C; J B Gash, do; J Barnett, 9th La; J Smith Ray, 38th N C; Privates Andrew Worthington, of Marshall, Ky; G M Cummings, Va; R D Copass, 60th Tenn; D C Jackson, 12th Va; H D Talbert, Marshall, Ky; D D Kelly, 2d Tenn cav; Daniel Rockerham, 5th Kentucky; S H Everman, 7th Ky; Robert Holt, 16th Tenn; Hugh Goble, 5th Ky; A P Allen, 2d Ky; Jno Kenny, Va.

Captain King and Lieutenant Graham died of wounds, the others of disease. Lieut. Ray died of smallpox, which disease had broken out on the island.

J. Emmett Scruggs, of Warrenton, Va., and formerly editor of the Warrenton *Whig*, who was a citizen prisoner on the island, died on the 9th inst. of dysentery. He will be recollected as a prominent speaker on the Whig side in several of the Presidential campaigns of other days.

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WESTERN NORTH CAROLINA.—The Asheville *News* of the 26th says:

Western North Carolina may now be reported clear of the Yankee horde who have lately been seeking so persistently for a permanent foothold in this mountain country. To the untiring vigilance and unquestioned gallantry of Gen. Robt. B. Vance are the [illegible] man ever accomplished more with the means at his command.

Our people along the border have had a taste of the treatment they may expect should the Yankees ever succeed in getting possession of the country; and we opine are not anxious for a further acquaintance with the vandals. When the lamented Woodfin fell at the Warm Springs, they stole his watch and stripped off his uniform; and after the second fight at that place, they stripped the clothes from our men who were killed. Before leaving that neighborhood, they robbed all the citizens in that region, carrying off negroes, horses, bed clothing, wearing clothes, table ware, in fact everything portable. Among the heaviest sufferers are Esq. Barnard, Mr. Rumbough at the Springs, Wm. P. Blair, Wm. D. Patton, Mrs. Garrett, Col. John A. Fagg, and G. C. Askew. It is said they did not leave a single horse on Spring Creek.

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CITY MARKET.

RALEIGH, Nvo. 28.

APPLES—Green	$15 00
Dried	$8@10
BACON—Hog round	$2 40
BEEF	65@70c
BEESWAX	$3 50
BEANS	$10
BUTTER	$3 00
CANDLES—Tallow	$4
" Wax—By the box	$4
" Adamantine	$6
" Sperm	None.
CORN—per Barrel, very scarce	$50
CHICKENS	$2
COFFEE	$10
DUCKS	$2
EGGS	$1 50
FLOUR—Family	$85
Superfine	$60
Fine	$40
FODDER—Per hundred	$8
FEATHERS	$5
FLAXSEED	$6
GEESE	$3
HIDES—Dry	$2
" Green	50c
HAY—Per hundred	$5
LARD	$2 50
MOLASSES	$12 75
MEAL—	$10
NAILS—Scarce	$1 50
OATS—Per hundred	$7
" Cleaned	$6 bu
PORK	$125 per hundred.
POTATOES—Sweet	$5
" Irish	$4@5
PEAS—Ground	$10
" Stock	$10
" White Table	$12
RAGS	10@12c
RICE	40c
RYE	$10
SALT—	$27 50
SUGAR—Brown	$3 00
" Coffee	$5 50
" Loaf	None.
TALLOW	$3 00
WHEAT	$12

Farmers and others must remember that the prices of many articles in the above list fluctuate nearly every day in proportion to their abundance or scarcity in market.

MISCELLANEOUS.

TO MOULDERS.

WANTED, IMMEDIATELY, AT THE NORTH State Iron and Brass Works, Raleigh, N. C., one or two good Moulders

Nov 28 10t* SHAY, WILLIAMSON & CO.

Standard semi-weekly copy 4t.

SITUATION WANTED.

BY A PRACTICAL DRUGGIST, OF STEADY AND sober habits Good references given and required. Is exempt from military duty. Address "C. R. J.," care Progress, Raleigh, N. C. Application to be made early.

Nov 28-2t*

SHOES AND BOOTS,

NEXT DOOR TO WILLIAMS & HAYWOOD,

FAYETTEVILLE STREET, RALEIGH, N. C.

JUST RECEIVED AND NOW IN STORE A SPLENdid assortment of Gentlemen, Ladies' and Misses' Boots, Shoes and Gaiters, embracing a beautiful variety of Ladies' and Satin Shoes and Gaiters. Also a large lot of Cotton Yarns of asssorted numbers.

Also one dozen Double Barreled Pocket Cannons, French invention—shoot ten times in as many seconds.

Apply early and procure your winter supplies of Shoes and Boots before the rise in price.

Terms strictly cash on delivery.

Nov 21-1m J. H. KIRKHAM.

Standard and Spirit of the Age copy one month each.

STOLEN BOND.

STOLEN FROM ME AT PETERSBURG, VA., A North Carolina Coupon Bond, new issue, for $500, No. 95. All persons are cautioned against purchasing said Bond, as I shall apply for a duplicate.

P. HENNEBERRY,

Nov 21-10t* Windsor, N. C.

Petersburg Express copy 10 times and send bill to Smyth & Co.

WANTED,

$20,000 IN NORTH CAROLINA TREASURY Notes, 1s and 2s, wanted for which the highest premium will be paid.

Oct 29-tf W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

BRITTON'S BLUE-BLACK WRITING FLUID,

MANUFACTURED BY J. E. BRITTON, CHARlotte, N. C. A superior article. Southern Manufacture. Try it. All bottles warranted.

I am manufacturing an article of Writing Ink, equay if not superior, to any Inks manufactured North. Ever, person who has tried this Ink speaks well of its quallity. It has a blue-black color, and flows freely from the pen.

It can be had either wholesale or retail by addressing the subscriber.

For thirteen years, writing done with Ink manufactured from this recipe has been exposed to the sun and air, and is as fast in color, and as good now as when first written with. Orders solicited, and all promptly filled. Address.

J. E. BRITTON,

Charlotte, Mecklenburg Co., N. C.

The following recommendation of the superior quality of the ink is given by the gentleman whose name is annexed. He has used the ink and can speak for its good qualities:

CHARLOTTE, June 3, 1863.

Mr. J. E. Britton:—Dear Sir: I have tried your very excellent Writing Fluid, and can truly say that it is superior to any Ink that I have ever seen manufactured in the South. It is equal if not far better, than any Writing Ink made at the North. Every one who will try this Ink can be sure of getting an excellent article.

C. OVERMAN, P. M.,

July 8-tf Charlotte, N. C.

JOHN G. WILLIAMS & CO.,

STOCK & MONEY BROKERS,

RALEIGH, N. C.

CONTINUE TO CARRY ON THE BROKERAGE BUSiness at their old stand as heretofore, in all its various branches.

June 25-6m

CRAVEN COUNTY SALT.

THE SALT PURCHASED BY ME FOR THE CITIzens of Craven county, will be distributed at HILLSBORO (at the cost and expenses) on Thursday, Friday and Saturday, the 26th, 27th and 28th November, 1863.

Persons who cannot attend themselves, can club together and appoint an agent to take charge of their money and bags, as both will be necessary before the Salt can be delivered.

Each member of a family will be entitled to six pounds.

EDWARD R. STANLY.

AUCTION AND PRIVATE SALES.

ATTRACTIVE AUCTION SALE.

I WILL OFFER FOR SALE TO THE HIGHEST bidder, on Tuesday, the 1st day of December, at 11 o'clock, in front of my store, 63 BALES PRIME COTTON, in Columbus, Georgia. It is the best Middling Cotton, and has been well housed from the day it was gathered.

ALSO,

A VALUABLE PLANTATION, in Bertie county, N. C., containing 800 acres. The character of the land is too well known to need comment. The tract has two comfortable Dwellings on it, and abounds in valuable timber. It is two miles from the county seat, and possesses the best advantages for shipping. The Lightwood on a part of it is exceedingly valuable. About 300 acres only are cleared. It produces cotton finely; as well as all other crops usual in that section. The right and title undisputable.

JAMES M. TOWLES,

Raleigh, Nov. 25-5t Auctioneer.

FOR SALE.

A FINE LOT GILLESPIE'S MANUFACTURED Tobacco, for sale cheap, at

W. R. ANDREWS,

Nov 28-3t* Raleigh, N. C.

STATE BONDS FOR SALE AT AUCTION.

ON THURSDAY, THE 3D DAY OF DECEMBER next, we will sell, for R. B. Seawell, Executor, &c., three State Coupon Bonds, issue of 1857. Sale to take place at 12 o'clock, M., in front of our Sales Room.

CREECH & LITCHFORD,

Nov 26-4t* Auctioneers.

PROPERTY FOR SALE.

THE SUBSCRIBER OFFERS FOR SALE, PRIvately, in the town of Hillsboro, a first class Building Lot, containing two acres, conveniently situated half way between the depot and court-house.

I will also sell a good riding and buggy Horse, if early application is made.

I also wish to rent or buy a good Piano. Refugees having a good instrument which they wish taken care of, have here a rare chance, as I am a practical tuner and can of course keep it in best order. Apply early.

HENRI BASELER.

Nov 25-6t* Hillsboro, N. C.

IMPORTANT SALE.

HAVING SOLD MY FARM IN WAKE COUNTY, twelve miles north of Raleigh and four miles from Forestville Depot, on the Raleigh and Gaston Railroad, I will sell to the highest bidder on Tuesday, 15th December, 1863, my crop of Corn, Fodder, Shucks, Hay, Wheat, Rye, Oats and Peas, forty or fifty large, fat Hogs, Sows and Pigs, thirty head of Sheep, Horses, Mules, fine blooded Milch Cows, one fine Durham Bull Calf, eighteen months old; Farming Utensils, consisting of Wagons, Dump Carts, Ox Carts, Ploughs, etc.; Household and Kitchen Furniture, one good Piano, one Singer's Sewing Machine, Beds, etc.

Also, at the same time and place will be sold five or six likely young Negroes.

Also, about twenty-five gallons of good Apple Brandy. Terms, six months credit, or cash if preferred.

Nov 24-td H. C. LIGON.

Standard copy twice and send bill to State Journal.

AUCTION SALE.

I WILL SELL AT GRAHAM, N. C., DECEMBER 16, 1863, at Public Auction:

11 bbls. Holt's Whiskey and Brandy;
30 sacks Salt;
1 hhd. Eng. Island Molasses;
2½ bbls. Glue;
2 Buggies;
1 Wagon;
1 Cart;
1 Horse;
1 Piano;
1 Cooking Stove, complete;
The Crockery and Glassware and other Household Furniture belonging to the estate of Henry S. Blackwell, dec'd.

Terms, 6 months' credit or cash.

THOS. J. MITCHELL,

Nov 18-td Adm'r.

VALUABLE PLANTATIONS FOR SALE.

I OFFER FOR SALE THREE VALUABLE FARMS, two of them containing 800 acres each, and situated two miles from the Town of Windsor, in Bertie county, and about one mile from Cashie river. There is upon the premises all necessary buildings. On account of the location of course the lands are very valuable, being near the capitol of the county, and at a near point to ship produce by water. The third contains 500 acres, 5 miles from Roanoke river. There is upon the lands a neat Dwelling and all usual out-buildings. This Plantation is a very desirable one, and in fact all are in good state of cultivation, and the location healthy and society very good. The reputation of Bertie county lands is well know for the production of corn, cotton and peas, which is enough guarantee to the purchaser without further details. Apply to me at Windsor, N. C., or to JORDAN WOMBLE, Esq., at Raleigh, N. C.

Nov 20-1m* P. HENNEBERRY.

PIANO FOR SALE.

A FINE 7-OCTAVE, ROSEWOOD, METAL FRAME, soft sweet toned PIANO, can be had by early application, on favorable terms.

Nov 17-tf L. BRANSON.

NOTICE—MANUFACTURED AND SMOKING TOBACCO FOR SALE.

WE WILL SELL A LARGE QUANTITY OF very fine Chewing and Smoking Tobacco, for Confederate money. Address,

J. D. & A. WALKER & CO.,
Harmony, Halifax, Va.:
Nov 12-1m* or Woodsdale, Person, N. C.

NOTICE!!

THE FIRM HERETOFORE KNOWN UNDER THE appellation of Lack & Farriss, has been dissolved by mutual consent. All accounts due the firm, and all to whom the concern is indebted, will please settle and present their claims to C. M. Farriss, by whom the business will in future be conducted.

C. M. Farriss tenders his acknowledgements to the patrons of the old firm for their liberality and punctuality, and respectfully requests a continuance of the same under his auspices.

CHAS. M. FARRISS.

Sept 8-tf

FOR RENT.

A COMFORTABLE HOUSE AND LOT IN THE town of Louisburg for the next year. Apply to

T. J. HOLT,

Nov 26-eodtf Raleigh, N. C.

MASONIC.

THE OFFICERS, MEMBERS, AND REPRESENTAtives of the GRAND LODGE of Free and Accepted Masons of North Carolina will meet at the Masonic Hall, in this city, on Monday evening the 7th of December next at 7 o'clock.

A full representation is earnestly desired, as business of much importance will then and there be submitted for the consideration of the Grand Lodge.

WILLIAM T. BAIN,

Oct 20-oawtlstWD Grand Secretary.

Office of Grand Master of the Grand
LODGE OF N. C.,
Nov. 3, A. D., 1863, A. L., 5863.

IT BEING DEEMED IMPORTANT, ALL PERSONS having claims against the Grand Lodge of any character are required to present them for payment to the Grand Treasurer on Tuesday, the 2d day of the next Grand Communication.

E. F. WATSON.

Nov 5-oawtd Grand Master.

WANTED.

A WHITE WOMAN, WHO UNDERSTANDS Housekeeping and the care of Children, and can come well recommended, can secure a good home and good wages by applying at the PROGRESS OFFICE.

Nov 20-6t

LAND WANTED.

A REFUGEE WANTS TO PURCHASE A SMALL [illegible]

ADVERTISING RATES.

The following rates will be charged for all advertisements inserted in the DAILY PROGRESS:

ONE SQUARE OF EIGHT LINES, OR LESS:

One day	[illegible]	One week	$ 9 50
Two days	[illegible]	Two weeks	19 00
Three days	[illegible]	Three weeks	28 50
Four days	[illegible]	One month	36 00
Five days	[illegible]	Two months	70 00

Fifty words, or eight lines or less count a square, and additional squares will be charged the same. Advertisements inserted once, twice or three times a week will be charged $2 a square for every insertion.

When sent by letter, the money must accompany the advertisement. Marriages, deaths, religious and other notices charged as advertisements and must be paid in advance.

STATE DIRECTORY.

GOVERNMENT OF NORTH CAROLINA.

His Excellency, Zebulon B Vance, Buncombe, Governor
Col David A Barnes, Northampton, Aid.
do George Little, Wake do
Richard H Battle, Jr, Anson, Private Secretary.
Dr Edward Warren, Chowan, Surgeon General.
John P H Russ, Wake, Secretary of State.
Jonathan Worth, Randolph, Public Treasurer.
Curtis H Brogden, Wayne, Comptroller.
Samuel F Phillips, Orange, Auditor.
Ebenezer Emmons, State Geologist.
Oliver H Perry, Wake, State Librarian.
Major General R C Gatlin, Lenoir, Adjutant General.
Captain William B Gulick, Beaufort, Paymaster.
Captain Thomas D Hogg, Wake, Commissary and Ordnance Officer.
Captain James Sloan, Guilford, Quartermaster.
Captain Henry A Dowd, Edgecombe, do
James H. Foote, Iredell, Asst. Adjt. Gen., (Roll of Honor.)
William A. Graham, Jr., Orange, Ass't Adjt. General.
Lieut. John B. Neathery, Wake, Asst. Adjt. General.
Lieut. Thomas White, Franklin, Asst. Quartermaster.

JUDICIAL.

Supreme Court.—Richmond M Pearson, Yadkin, Chief Justice; William H Battle, Orange, and Matthias E Manly, of Craven, Judges; Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; Hamilton C Jones, Rowan, Reporter; Edmund B Freeman, Clerk. [Meets in the city of Raleigh second Monday in June each year. The Morganton term has been discontinued.]

Superior Courts.—Judges.—John L Bailey, Buncombe; Romulus M Saunders, Wake; Robert R Heath, Chowan; Robt S French, Robeson; James W Osborne, Mecklenburg; George Howard, Wilson; Robert B Gilliam, Granville; William M Shipp, Henderson.

Solicitors.—1st Circuit, Jesse J Yeates, Hertford; 2d Circuit, Charles C Clark, Craven; 3rd Circuit, Sion H Rogers, Wake, Attorney General; 4th Circuit, Thomas Settle, Rockingham; 5th Circuit, Ralph Buxton, Cumberland; 6th Circuit, Robert F Armfield, Yadkin; 7th Circuit, William P Bynum; 8th Circuit, Augustus S. Merrimon, Buncombe.

Confederate States District Court.—Hon Asa Biggs, Martin, Judge; George V Strong, Wayne, Attorney; W N Watson, Craven, Clerk; Wesley Jones, Wake, Marshal.

Council of State.—F B Satterthwaite, Pitt; Robert P Dick, Guilford; Dr James Calloway, Wilkes; L Eldridge, Johnston; J R Hargrave, Anson; Jesse R Stubbs, Martin; James A Patton, Buncombe.

Literary Board.—His Excellency Gov. Vance, President *Ex officio*, Rev William E Pell, Wake, and Professor Richard Sterling, Guilford; Dr. Wm. Sloan, of Gaston. Richard H Battle, Jr, Secretary.

Board Internal Improvements.—His Excellency Gov. Z. Vance, President *ex officio*, Wm Eaton, Jr., of Warren and J H Flanner, of New Hanover. Richard H Battle, Jr. Secretary.

Commissioners of Sinking Fund.—Hon Thomas Ruffin, Alamance, Hon Weldon N Edwards, Warren, and Hon David L Swain, Orange.

The University of North Carolina is at Chapel Hill. Hon David L Swain, President.

Rev Calvin H Wiley is Superintendent of the Common Schools of the State.

Wiley J Palmer, A M, is Principal of the N C Institution for the Deaf and Dumb and Blind, at Raleigh.

Dr Edward C Fisher is Superintendant of Asylum for the Insane, at Raleigh.

Rev W M Wingate is President of Wake Forest College, (Baptist) which is for the present suspended.

Rev Braxton Craven is President of Trinity College, (Methodist.)

Rev ———— is President of Davidson College (Presbyterian.)

Major W M Gordon is Superintendant of the Hillsboro' Military Academy.

REWARDS.

$100 REWARD.

I WILL PAY THE ABOVE REWARD TO ANY one for the delivery to me, in Raleigh, of my fine Hunting Case Gold Watch. Said Watch was stolen from my pocket on the train coming down this side of Salisbury, on Thursday night, by a villain who was spotted at the time and arrested very soon after, but too late, as he had disposed of the Watch in some way, so that it could not be found. Said Watch is marked "J. T. J.," the letters, however, resemble G. T. G. very much.

THOMAS JE[illegible],

Nov. 21-tf Raleigh, N. C.

Salisbury Watchman copy 2 times and forward bill.

$500 REWARD.

I WILL GIVE FIVE HUNDRED DOLLARS REward for the apprehension and confinement in any jail within the State, of WILLIAM FINN, a notorious horse rogue. Said Finn deserted from Company B, 59th Regiment North Carolina Cavalry about eight months ago, is about thirty years old, about five feet eight or nine inches high, light hair, fair complexion, skin of the face approaching redness, blue eyes, with sharp, keen look, nose somewhat roman, sulky outer look, slow to speak, but when he does speak he speaks short. On some occasions he has passed himself by the name of Johnston.

I have reason to believe the said Finn stole from me on the night of the 7th, (this month,) my fine bay MARE, saddle and bridle. The mare was two years old last Spring, sixteen or seventeen hands high, red bay with black mane and tail, several skinned marks in her forehead; the saddle was of Spanish form, with loose hog skin seat, wool padded on the tree; the seat was stitched. I will give a liberal reward for the delivery of my mare, or for any information that will lead to her recovery.

My residence is on Dutch Buffalow Creek, about ten miles South-east from Concord, Cabarrus county. My andress, Mt. Pleasant, Cabarrus county, N. C.

WM. A. SMITH,

Nov 16-aow6w Concord, N. C.

Columbia Guardian will publish once a week for 6 weeks.

SURGERY FOR FIELD AND HOSPITAL.

I AM NOW PREPARED TO SUPPLY MY WORK on Surgery, to subscribers and others who may wish to purchase it.

On the receipt of $5,00, the book will be sent by mail, postage paid.

EDWARD WARREN, M. D.

Aug 21-tf Raleigh, N. C.

WANTED,

TO RENT IN RALEIGH, A SMALL HOUSE, OR two or three Rooms. Apply at this office.

Nov. 6-tf

DR. R. F. ARRINGTON.

RESPECTFULLY OFFERS HIS PROFESSIONAL services to the citizens of Raleigh and surrounding country in the practice of Operative Dentistry and treatment of the various diseases of the mouth pertaining to the Dental Structure.

Patrons given as reference. Office in Exchange Hotel, Room No. 51. Oct 15-tf

ORDNANCE DEPARTMENT,

RALEIGH, N. C., MAY 8, 1862.

LEAD WANTED.—I WISH TO PURCHASE LEAD for this department. Persons having large or small quantities will please apply at once. Will give 1 pound of POWDER for 10 pounds of LEAD.

THOS. HOGG, Capt. C. S.

May 8-tf In charge of Ordnance.

WANTED.

ONE HUNDRED THOUSAND DOLLARS IN NORTH Carolina [illegible] for which the highest market price will be paid. Apply to W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

Aug 4-tf

WANTED.

COUPONS OF THE OLD NORTH CAROLINA State, for which the highest market price will be paid. Apply to W. R. RICHARDSON & Co.

Aug 25-tf

AUCTION AND COMMISSION [illegible]

WITH AN EXPERIENCE OF [illegible] years, the undersigned [illegible] Auction, or on Commission, [illegible]

W. R. RICHARDSON & CO.

DAILY PROGRESS.

RALEIGH, N. C.

MONDAY, NOV. 30, 1863.

How to Send us Money.—Never send by mail when you can send by Express. All money sent by Express at our expense. Those sending us money by mail must do so at their own risk.

OUR ONLY TERMS.

The follo[illegible] are our only terms of subscription for the Progress:

DAILY PROGRESS:

Six months	$10 00
Three months	6 00
Two months	4 00
One month	2 00

The paper will be stopped in all cases when the time paid for expires, and those who do not wish to be without the paper must look to this and renew in time.

Agents and newsdealers will be furnished at $8 per hundred copies.

We publish nothing but a Daily Edition and enter none but daily subscribers on our mail books.

Advertisements will be inserted for $2 a square (eight lines solid minion or less) for the first, and $1:50 for every additional insertion.

Bragg's Operations.

The news from the late three or four days fighting near Chattanooga comes in slowly, and what we have is vague, uncertain and unsatisfactory. It is evident [illegible] Gen. Bragg, wisely we are willing to concede, [illegible] shut down the brakes on the telegraph leading from his headquarters to the outer world, as the public has nothing from him beyond the two brief dispatches published some days ago. He has probably given the War Department further facts and details concerning his late operations, but as a battle is hourly expected on the Rapidan, and as the fate of Longstreet is as yet unknown, the authorities at Richmond no doubt think it impolitic to communicate the real facts to the country just at this critical moment. If we are patient we shall know all, and our word for it when it comes it will be bad enough.

At this writing our latest dates from Atlanta are to the 27th, Friday last, and they are so conflicting and irreconcilable that [illegible] really put but little faith in them. They tell us that skirmishing commenced on Saturday, increasing in intensity on Sunday and Monday and becoming general and continuous along the whole line at daylight on Tuesday. The enemy charged our position on Lookout, with forty thousand men. The resistance was spirited and vigorous, but at 4 p. m. our left gave way and the enemy pressed forward—our forces on Lookout got confused and retreated in disorder. Night came on, the enemy did not pursue, and our forces were massed on Mission Ridge for the morrow's battle. Some of our commands on the left, we are told, were captured. What commands or how many men we are not informed. One dispatch says the number is estimated at 5,000 and upwards. We took 600. On Wednesday, before sunrise, the enemy advanced his whole force and attakced our works at the foot of Mission Ridge, where Gen. Hardee, we are told, met the advance and repulsed charge after charge, leaving five thousand lifeless Yankees in front of the works. This is glorious if true, but we suppose there is some exaggeration, though it comes through a general officer. Our right stood firm.

The battle ended at dark. After dark the enemy posted batteries on Lookout so as to enfilade our position on Mission Ridge, and during the night of Wednesday our forces were withdrawn to the eastward of the Ridge, behind Chichamauga, where they remained at last accounts. This was the "situation." Bragg's headquarters are at Ringgold, some 16 miles from Chattanooga, and the army lay between there and Chickamauga creek, a few miles off. We have no idea that he can advance, but on the contrary, shall expect to hear from him next at Dalton, or lower down; nor shall we censure him, for he has fought a desperate series of battles, against two or three times his own number, commanded by one of the best men in the Yankee army, and the only wonder is that he is not crushed and swallowed up.

We judge that we lost heavily in artillery, transportation, &c., from the tenor of the dispatches. But the most remarkable part of all is to come. A dispatch from Atlanta tells us that *our loss in killed and wounded was not a thousand, while that of the enemy is at least twenty thousand.* This dispatch must have been fixed up by a Yankee correspondent for his people, and has fallen into our hands and been adopted by the Press Association. Certainly Gen. Bragg would not have fallen back ten or fifteen miles for the loss of less than a thousand men, when he had slaughtered twenty thousand of the enemy.

But the whole matter is in a fog—the facts and details of the series of battles by which we have lost Lookout Mountain and been driven back to Ringgold, have yet to be given to the public, and until they come to hand we must be patient and charitable. We are willing to believe that Gen. Bragg has done all that any one could have done with the means at his command, and that he has done well. This is no time for censure or complainings. The heart of Georgia is threatened by an immense army, flushed with victory, and unless the authorities and the people strain every nerve, it will not be long before our forces will be driven from Atlanta. We are not at all alarmed, but then we are not drunk with passion, nor has our reason been clouded or obscured by the specious promises of those hopeful, sanguinous creatures who told us we should have independence and a glorious Confederacy without the shedding of blood. There is much of misery, suffering and blood before us, and the sooner we realize it and prepare for the worst—if there be no way to stay the hand of destruction—the better. Grant commands the Yankee army in person, and he will not sit quietly down upon Lookout Mountain to enjoy his laurels. Mark what we say!

From Longstreet we have nothing. Whether he has got Burnside, or Burnside has got him, we are not apprised. One thing is certain, the line between Longstreet and Bragg is blocked up by the enemy, and the former has no means of reaching the latter by the route over which he travelled to get to Knoxville. He must swallow up Burnside and hold his position at Knoxville, or cut his way through to Virginia. Since the defeat of Bragg we see no chance for us to hold any part of East Tennessee—certainly not for [illegible] length of time, unless Grant can be driven out.

We hope to receive further news before going to [illegible]. If so it will be found in its appropriate place.

The Legislature.

But little has been done during the first week of the session—or, more properly speaking, but little business has been matured. The Committees have been busy, and some of them will be ready to report in a day or two, and the business to be transacted will be regularly entered upon.

There have been rumors upon the streets for a day or two past that the distinguished Senators from Orange and Caswell will take occasion at an early day to disscuss, from their places in the Chamber, the condition of the country, and the prospects before us. We have not exchanged a word with either of these gentlemen on the subject and only refer to the matter as a rumor current about town. We certainly think, however, that if there ever was, or ever can be a time when these distinguished statesmen, and other patriotic members of the Assembly that we might name, can be of service to their State, certainly that time is now. We are not oppressed or dispirited by any recent reverses, but we do not believe that peace, of any kind, can ever come by fighting, and thus believing we desire that an opportunity should be given the statesmen of the two sections to settle the existing troubles. We know that we can suffer on and fight on, and we believe that we can maintain ourselves, but why exhaust, bankrupt and ruin both sections, North and South, when the whole matter could be easily settled by a reference to reason, common sense and humanity. It may be said they will not treat with us. Have we tried them? Let an effort be made, and if it succeed in giving us a peace that we can accept with honor, well—and if it fail, it will arouse the latent energies of our people to action and enable us to make a more determined, united and powerful resistance.

The people of the State are looking to this Legislature for some expression of opinion, at least, in reference to the mighty struggle which is deluging the land with blood and shocking the moral sense of the civilized world, and we trust that such distinguished patriots as ex-Governor Graham and Hon. Bedford Brown will not hesitate to take the lead.

Who's got Knoxville?

For the life us we don't know. We have had various rumors of the surrender of Burnside, but as good news travels fast and as the War Department has no such joyous tidings, we hardly believe it. The Lynchburg *Republican* of Thursday publishes a letter from a soldier in Longstreet's corps, written on Thursday last, giving a short account of the fight at Campbell's Station on the previous day. The enemy, he states, were badly beaten, losing largely in killed and wounded, besides 700 prisoners, 900 horses, 110 wagons, four pieces of artillery, 3,700 blankets, and considerable amounts of commissary and quartermaster's stores, small arms, and ammunition. They fell back towards Knoxville, hotly pursued by our troops, and it was in the retreat that they lost the prisoners and property enumerated above. Our own loss the writer estimates at 150 killed and wounded.

P. S.—Since writing the above we have a press dispatch from Bristol bringing fresh rumors. It informs us that Longstreet has Knoxville closely invested—that he is shelling the city—that the enemy have burnt a portion of it, &c. The Bristol dispatches must be taken with a degree of allowance, as they have had Longstreet in Knoxville a time or two. We hope our boys will give old Brownlow "Greek fire" and the rest of them common brimstone.

From Kinston.

Camp 3d N. C. Cavalry,
Near Kinston, Nov. 26, 1863.

Dear Progress.—The movements of the enemy along the lines, and the active operations in military affairs all seem to indicate an early move by the enemy. It is the opinion of many that North Carolina will be the theatre of war during the Winter campaign. So this prevailing quietness during the summer and until now, that sought to lull us all to sleep, is to be succeeded by a storm that is to try again the metal of our staunch *old ship.*

Have we a sturdy *hand* at the *wheel?* Have we one upon the companion way whose voice has been heard above the storms of former times? or are we to be *swamped* for want of an experienced hand to *trim* up the ship for the storm, as has been the case heretofore? I believe that our people are prepared for the worst, and I know that the North Carolina troops are ready and anxious to have *one* opportunity of meeting the enemy upon something like an equal footing and fight him for their own homes, that they may blot out the stigma that North Carolinians fight better in other States than their own.

It is true that we need not expect, or fear anything in the way of grand military movements from such a man as commands the enemy in this State, but we may expect that he will do that for which he was sent, viz: To punish such as are so unfortunate as to fall into his hands. From the best information that can be obtained from below, he has at his command a large body of cavalry; these are to be the instruments of his vengeance. We may therefore expect raids at any time and these raids will be characterized by the most inhuman brutality. We should have an organized body of cavalry to punish these raiders whenever they leave their strongholds. There is now in this State a sufficient number of mounted troops to constitute a very effectual corps, if they were properly organized and placed under a good energetic cavalry officer. Cavalry, however, is a very weak arm of the service when scattered promiscuously over the country with no concert of action. Col. Waddell, commanding the 3d, is a fine cavalry officer, and I know of no officer of cavalry in the State that ranks higher than he, and if all the cavalry scattered along the coast were placed exclusively under his command, I think that he would make it one of the most effectual arms of the service that could be used in the State. But a cavalry commander can accomplish nothing as long as his movements are embarrassed by being under the command of a superior officer of infantry.

The enemy's cavalry made a dash from Washington yesterday morning and captured a portion of Capt. White's company, Whitford's battallion. I have not been able to learn all the particulars. Their force was reported to be four companies. Captain White's company was stationed on the south side of Tar river, on the Greenville and Washington roads, six miles from the former, and nineteen miles from the latter place. He had been a terror to the Yankees in that quarter. After surprising the company they immediately retreated. Col. Waddell started in pursuit, but the news come too late to make it effectual. There has been heavy cannonading in the direction of Washington since morning.

Yours, &c., W. D. H.

Kinston Correspondence.—We shall be glad to hear often from our friend, "W. D. H.," in the 3d cavalry. We hope he will write as often as there is anything of interest to communicate.

NORTH CAROLINA LEGISLATURE.

THIRD SESSION.

SENATE, Saturday, Nov. 28.

The Senate met at 11 o'clock. Journal read.

Mr. Lassiter, from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported back the resolution looking to the increase of the pay of soldiers recommending its passage.

Mr. Holeman, from the Committee on Agriculture, reported back "a bill to promote the growth of wool," asking to be discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. Young, from the Military Committee, reported the bill relieving those who have employed substitutes in the Confederate army from service in the Home Guard, asking to be discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. Pitchford, from the Committee on the Communication from the Legislature of Georgia, reported a resolution authorizing the Governor to appoint, by proclamation, Thursday, the 10th of December, as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer throughout the State, which, under a suspension of the rules, passed its several readings.

A message was received from the House transmitting an engrossed bill to amend an Act entitled "an act for the relief of the banks and the people." (Legalizes their removal in cases of emergency.) Passed its several readings.

A resolution authorizing the Public Treasurer to issue duplicate Coupon Bonds in lieu of those stolen by the enemy from a citizen of Rocky Mount. Referred to the Finance Committee.

BILLS, ETC., INTRODUCED.

Mr. Hall—A bill to incorporate the North Carolina Express Company. Referred.

Mr. Ramsay—A bill fixing the rank and pay of the Assistants to the Adjutant General. Referred.

A bill providing for the holding of elections for members of Congress on the first Thursday in August, passed its third reading, also did a bill providing for the punishment of slaves for manslaughter, &c.

Mr. Wooley—A resolution instructing the Judiciary Committee to enquire what relief, if any, is necessary for the relief of Executors, Administrators, Trustees, owing to the depreciation of Confederate currency. Adopted.

Mr. Outlaw introduced a resolution in regard to the *per diem* and mileage of members of the Assembly. (Establishes the *per diem* at $12 and the mileage at thirty cents.) Adopted.

On motion the Senate adjourned to Monday 11 o'clock.

HOUSE OF COMMONS.

Saturday, Nov. 28.

The House was called to order at 11 o'clock, a. m.

The Journals of yesterday was read and approved.

Leave of absence for three days was granted to Mr. Headen, on motion of his colleague, Mr. Waddell.

Mr. Allison from the Committee on Propositions and Grievances, reported back the petition of John Manning, asking to be discharged from its further consideration.

Mr. Gentry, from the Committee on Cherokee Land, reported (as a substitute) a bill concerning Cherokee Lands. Passed first reading.

Mr. Keener introduced a resolution in favor of the Trustee of Jackson county. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Waddell—A bill for the relief of John Manning. Passed 1st reading.

Mr. Dunn—A resolution that a message be sent to the Senate, proposing to raise a Joint Select Committee on so much of the Governor's message as relates to encouraging the raising of sheep. Adopted.

Mr. Powell—A bill to amend 34th Section of 85th Chapter, Revised Code. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. Harris of Cabarrus—A bill to provide for establishment of Graded Schools in North Carolina, and for other purposes. Referred to the Committe on Education and ordered to be printed.

Mr. Peebles—A bill for the relief of the citizens of Northampton County. Referred to the Committee on Claims.

Mr. Cobb—A bill to amend the 3d Section, 48th Chapter of the Laws of North Carolina, passed at the Session of 1862–63 for the relief of Landlords. Referred to the Judiciary Committee.

Mr. Sherwood—A bill to regulate the fees of Sheriff and Clerks in the County of Guilford. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

Mr. McRae—A resolution of inquiry concerning purchases of cotton and wool cards made by Governor Vance. Adopted.

Mr. Person—A resolution of inquiry concerning the salaries of Clerks and other employees of the several Departments and the officers of the steamer *Advance.* Adopted.

Mr. Flemming—A bill to amend the Revised Code in regard to the taking of the bonds of Sheriffs and Clerks. Referred to the Committee on the Judiciary.

A message was received from the Senate transmitting an Engrossed Resolution, requesting the Governor to set apart by Proclamation, Thursday the 10th day of December next, as a day of fasting, humiliation and prayer, asking immediate concurrence. The House concurred, adopting the resolution.

A message was received from His Excellency the Governor, transmitting a Memorial from the Commissioners of Appraisement, which was sent to the Senate with a proposition to print.

Bills heretofore introduced to limit the production of cotton and tobacco in this State, were referred, on motion, to a Select Committee.

A message from the Governor transmitted the Report of the President and Directors of the Insane Asylum which was sent to the Senate, with a proposition to refer it to the Committee on the Insane Asylum.

On motion of Mr. Burgin the House adjourned until Monday, 11 o'clock, a. m.

THE 13TH REGIMENT N. C. TROOPS.

The 13th North Carolina Regiment was organized on the 16th day of May, 1861, at Garysburg, N. C., and elected the following Field Officers: W. D. Pender, of Edgecombe county, Colonel, W. S. Guy, of Granville county, Lt. Colonel, and D. H. Hamilton, of Hillsboro' Military Institute, Major. This regiment was the third in number that left the State for Virginia, and was organized and known as the Third N. Carolina, until the 20th of Sept., 1861, at which time the State Troops were formed numbering from one to ten. The 13th remained at Garysburg in Camp of Instruction about two weeks, when it was ordered to Suffolk, Va. Remaining there four weeks it was next ordered to Ben's Church, in Isle of Wight county, five miles from Smithfield, Va. At this place it was thrown into Pemberton's 1st Brigade, Huger's Division. The regiment, while in this section of Virginia, was not engaged in any battle or skirmish, but was required to perform excessive guard duty, the posts extending five miles along the James river and at two points—Old Town and Ragged Island—fortifications were erected. While at Ben's Church, or Camp Ruffin, named in honor of the venerable Judge Ruffin, of N. C., some changes were made in the Field Officers of the regiment; also our Brigadier General, J. C. Pemberton, was transferred to Charleston, S. C., and promoted to Major General, and R. E. Colston, Brigadier General, placed in command of the 1st Brigade. Col. W. D. Pender was transferred to the Sixth N. C. S. T. to fill the vacancy occasioned by the death of Col. Fisher, killed at Manassas No. 1. Capt. A. M. Scales, of Co. H., was unanimously elected Colonel on the 10th of Oct., 1861. The regiment remained at Camp Ruffin till April 4th, 1862, when it was ordered to the Peninsula. It was marched, bivouacked and picketed about the fortifications of York Town. The regiment reorganized on 26th day of April, 1862, and re-elected A. M. Scales Colonel, Thos. Ruffin Lt. Colonel, and J. S. Hambrick Major. The regiment then was placed in Longstreet's Division and took up march with the same towards Williamsburg. In the engagement at this place the regiment participated, and three companies fought the enemy hand to hand, and were in close contest for the short time that the Yankees stood ground.

In justice to the gallant men of these companies it is not amiss to particularize the courage shown in that short but bloody struggle. The men locked bayonets and there are now living heroes at home disabled, who carry the marks of the sabre and bayonet upon their persons. The loss sustained in this battle was seventy-five killed, wounded and missing. The Regiment then fell back with the army to Richmond, and on the 1st January 1862 was in the battle of Seven Pines, and remained on the field from Saturday evening to Monday morning. After this battle, on the 14th of June, 1862, it was transferred to D. H. Hill's Division, and placed in Gen. Garland's brigade. In the battles around Richmond, Mechanicsville, Cold Harbor and Malvern Hill, (June 26th, 27th, and July 2nd, 1862,) it was engaged and sustained a loss of one hundred and eighty seven men, in all these engagements. On the 18th of August, 1862, it took up line of march for Manassas. Gen. D. H. Hill our Division Commander, was ordered to report to Lieut.-Gen. Jackson, his Division being placed in his corps. It failed to reach Manassas in time to participate in the battle. After marching for several days across the Potomac, it engaged in the battle of South Mountain, Sept 14th, 1862. Here fell Gen. Garland before the centre of the Regiment; an officer admired and beloved by every soldier in his command. Capt. Gleen, of Co. I, also was killed in this engagement—a warm-hearted, true, and accomplished officer whose loss was sadly felt by his comrades in line. On the 17th it participated in the battle of Sharpsburg and bore no small part of the fighting that day. The loss sustained in both of these engagements was about fifty per cent of the number carried in. On the 19th of September 1862, the Regiment recrossed the Potomac, and on the 16th of October 1862, was transferred to the Brigade of W. D. Pender, A. P. Hill's Division. It remained in the Valley, near Winchester, with noting of note transpiring save a small skirmish near Snicker's Gap on Shenandoah river. The retreat to Fredericksburg was then commenced. On the 4th of December 1862, it reached that place and engaged in the battle of Fredericksburg, Dec. 13th 1862, fighting but little under a most terrible cannonading. The greater part of the time, the Regiment supported batteries in this engagement and lost but few men, sixty killed and wounded. The Regiment then went into winter quarters on Rappahannock river, eight miles below Fredericksburg, and remained till 22d of April 1863, when it was sent to Gordonsville to act as Provost Guard. After doing duty for five days at this post it was dispatched for by Gen. Pender, and made a forced march of fifty miles to Chancellorsville on the 2d of May, 1863. Arriving Saturday evening at 6 o'clock p. m. it was formed on second line and placed on front line, about ten o'clock, and opened the fight next morning—Sunday. Here our loss was severe—out of 375 men carried in, 135 were brought out. Col. Scales was wounded severely in the thigh. The Regiment then returned to winter quarters on the Rappahannock, and remained till 6th of June 1863, when it was placed in line of battle and laid on its arms for ten days.

On the 13th of June Col. Scales was made Brigadier General, and Lt. Col. J. H. Hyman promoted to Colonel—a change in field officers forgot to be mentioned. Major J. T. Hambrick resigned the 16th of Oct. 1862, and Capt. J. H. Hyman, of Co. G, was promoted to Major. Lt. Colonel Ruffin resigned March 2d, 1863, and Major J. H. Hyman was promoted to Lt. Col., and Capt. Henry A. Rogers of Co. D—Caswell county—was promoted to Major; on the promotion of Lt. Colonel Hyman, Major Rogers was made Lt. Col., and Capt. E. B. Withers of Co. A—Caswell county—was made Major.

On the morning of the 16th of June, 1863, the Regiment took up the line of march for Maryland and Pennsylvania—marching continually until it arrived at the Potomac river; crossed the river on the 25th day of June at Shepherdstown, and continued the march to the neighborhood of Fayetteville, Penn., at which place it rested for several days; and was engaged in the battle of Gettysburg on the 1st, 2d and 3d days of July—sustaining a loss of 149 men; commenced the retreat on the night of the 5th, arrived at Hagerstown, Md., and was immediately placed in line of battle, remaining at that place till the 14th day of July, when it re-crossed the Potomac at Falling Waters, with a further loss of twenty men.

At Bunker's Hill, Va., the Regiment was rested for nine days, and was then marched to the neighborhood of Culpeper C. H., where we were again rested; from Culpeper it was ordered to Orange C. H., where it remained doing picket duty, &c., until the 9th day of Oct., when it was marched to Madison C. H., and from there to Warrenton, and thence to Bristoe, on the Orange and Alexandria Railroad.

On the night of the 16th inst., took up line of march for the neighborhood of Brandy Station, on the above road, at which place it is now encamped.

Signed, J. H. HYMAN,
Col. Com. 13th Reg't N. C. T.

Oct. 28th, 1863.

Company.		No. of Men.	Volunteers.	Conscripts.	Substitutes.	Died.	Discharged.	Deserted.
Company	A,	110	101	7	2	32	14	1
"	B,	132	129	3		46	13	
"	C,	116	97	19		27	22	2
"	D,	102	90	12		31	17	3
"	E,	136	107	25	4	41	16	1
"	F,	119	119			40	9	5
"	G,	93	88	5		30	11	2
"	H,	117	115	2		33	23	1
"	I,	112	94	14	4	23	24	2
"	K,	110	106	2	2	33	11	5
Field and Staff,		19	19					
		1166	10[illegible]5	89	12	336	160	22

Transferred 46; not elected 16; resigned 27; missing 11; drummed out 2; whipped out 3.

Rockingham 313; Caswell 258; Alamance 128; Davie 115; Mecklenburg 110; Edgecombe 90; Person 36; Wilkes 31; Gaston 8; Stanly 6; Orange 6; Alexander 5; Yadkin 4; Surry 4; Davidson 3; Anson 2; Cleaveland 1; Wake 1; New Hanover 1; Burke 1; Franklin 1; Randolph 1; Rowan 1; Pitt 1; Wilson 1; Warren 1; Guilford 1; Macon 1.

South Carolina 9; Virginia 14; Louisiana 3; Maryland 2; Georgia 2; Alabama 2; Indiana 1; Kentucky 1; New York 1.

From Charleston.—The *Mercury* of Thursday says:

Wednesday was a comparatively quiet day in the harbor of Charleston. The enemy's fire on Sumter was unusually slow. In the afternoon he threw a shot up Cooper river in the direction of Castle Pinckney. It was supposed to have been directed at a steamer moving around the bay.

On Tuesday only two rifled shot were fired at Sumter, both of which missed. The number of mortar shells was ninety-eight, of which thirty-three missed. On Tuesday night one hundred and sixty-six rifled shots were fired, of which one-hundred and fifteen missed; and seventeen mortar shells, nine of which missed.

The following were the casualties of Tuesday night: Captain Mitchell of the 23d Georgia, slightly wounded; one negro killed, and another severely wounded in the shoulder.

A Day of Fasting and Prayer.—We attention to the Proclamation of Gov. Vanc apart Thursday the 10th of December, as a Fasting, Humiliation and Prayer. We hope will be carefully observed by all our people.

The papers of the State are requested to Proclamation.

The Lynchburg *Republican* takes decided favor of Congress conscripting the principal stitutes.

NEW ADVERTISEM

BY THE GOVERNOR OF NORTH C LINA.

A PROCLAMATION.

Whereas, it becomes a Christian ple under all circumstances to acknowl superintending care and sovereignty of Almighty especially to confess our transgressions and hum selves before His chastening hand in seasons of and calamity:

Now, therefore, I, ZEBULON B. VANCE, Go of the State of North Carolina, moved by these erations, as also by the request of the General A and to concur in the action of other Southern S issue this my proclamation setting apart Thur 10th day of December next, as a day of Fasting, tion and Prayer; earnestly requesting its sincere ance by all the good people of the State; that all employments be suspended, and that all Ministers gymen of whatsoever denomination, will ope Churches, and assembling their congregations, est and fervent supplications unto God that He wi wrath which has been heavy upon us, and especi He may in His wisdom, open the way for the speed ation of peace to our desolated land, on such t will best promote His glory and both the spiritu temporal welfare of his creatures.

{ L. S. } In testimony whereof, I, Zebulon B. Governor, Captain-General and Comman Chief, hath set my hand and caused the seal of the State to be affixed.

Done at our City of Raleigh on the 30th day of vember, A. D., 1863. Z. B. VAN

By the Governor:
R. H. Battle, Jr.,
Private Secre

Nov 30-td

All papers of the State copy till the 10th Dece

IMPORTANT SALE AT HILLSBORO ON THE 15TH DECEMBER, 186

2,500 LBS. SWEEDS AND ENGLISH I
20 Gallons Varnish
25 Cottage Bedsteads, large size
3 Gross Bed Screws
3 Dozen Mill Saw Files
2½ Dozen Hand Saw Files
3 Sets Iron Axles for Wagons
300 lbs. White Lead
3 Boxes Window Glass, 8x10, 10x12, 10x14
300 lbs. Hoop Iron
3 Boxes Mahogany Veniers, for Bureaus and robes
30 lbs. excellent Glue
1 Full set Blacksmith's Tools, new; never bee (Bellows 38 inches,)
Heavy size 7 Spinning Wheels, No. 1 artic
Some Wagon Chains
One fine Syrup Mill, three Rollers
Wood Screws, Sand Papers, &c., &c
Terms of sale, cash.

Any of the above articles can be traded for until day of sale. GEORGE BISHO
Hillsborough,
Nov 30-td
Standard copy td.

NOTICE.

At the residence of L. A. Mewborn of a mile from Hughes' Academy, Orange co will be sold, on the 10th December, 1863, the foll articles, viz:
60 Barrels of Corn
40 Fat Hogs
Sows, Pigs and Shoats
Fodder and Shucks
20 Bushels Sound Salt
1 Set common Blacksmiths Tools
1 Fine Carriage
2 Looms
1 Barrel Cider Vinegar
1 Fine Cow and other articles
—ALSO—
at the same time and place, we will offer the va Wheat and Corn Mill formerly belonging to Ellis & kinson. Our reason for selling is that we are goin to the Eastern part of the State.
—ALSO—
House and Lot, good Orchard, and 10 Acres of La
Nov 30-4t MEWBORNE & HARD
Greensboro Patriot copy till sale and send acco M. & H., Hillsboro.

BLOCKADE GOODS AT PESCUD'S DR STORE.

Black pepper, allspice, mace, ind Ext. Logwood, Bichrome Pass, 6 cases Finest Whiskey, 1 cask Pure French Brandy, Old Madeira ported before the war, &c., Claret and Port Wines, bales Carolina Belle Snuff, lot Fine Chewing Tob French and English Tooth Brushes, French Lilly Wh Combs of all descriptions, Lead Pencils, Mustard, C Oil, East India finest quality, Quinine, Nit. Silver Iodine, Calomel, Blue Mass, Rhubarb, Ipecac, Do Powder, Swt. Spts. Nitre, Balsam Copaiba, Mix. Iron, Epsom Salts, Borax, Carb. Amonia, Bi Car Sal Soda, Potass Acet, Hoit's Cure for Corns, Dr. Infantile Cordial, Stampede Mixture Fever and Jaynes' Sarsaparilla, Liver Pills and Cannonsb and Salt.
Nov 30-

REAL ESTATE FOR SALE.

The subscriber offers for sale House and Lot in the Town of Hillsboro, now as a factory. The building is 30x50 feet, with cellar sheds on one side; is a well built house, sealed insid painted inside and out; has a firstrate Pump and lent water, ⅜ of an acre of land, corner lot, a building within twenty-five feet, consequently in ger of fire from neighboring buildings; is well ad for store room and tobacco factory. Price $2,500. house cannot be built for double this amount.
GEORGE BISHOP,
Hillsboro, N. C
Nov 30-tl5D
Standard copy.

NOTICE.

At my residence, 8 miles northeast of Raleigh, on Saturday, the 5th day of Decemb next, commencing at 11 o'clock, A. M., I will offer to highest bidder, my Mules, Corn. Fodder, Shucks, Ca Hogs, Wheat, Rye, Farming Utensils, &c. Terms months credit, *interest from date, bond and good* or cash if preferred.
W. G. RIDDI
Nov 30-1w*

AUCTION SALES POSTPONED.

Owing to the weather the sales Dry Goods, valuable Medicines, Glass, Crockery Hardware, has been postponed to Tuesday, 1st day December, at 11½ o'clock. Also 94 Sacks of Pri Coast Salt. The House and Lot formerly occupied W. Whitaker, deceased, will be rented out at the sa time. JAMES M. TOWLES,
Auctione
Nov 30-1t*

DENTAL NOTICE.

W. F. BASON, DENTIST,

May be found at his office, over Pescud's Drug Store, for a few days longer special request. All operations for the Medical, Sur cal or Mechanical treatment of the Mouth or Teeth tended to.
Nov 30-1

BREASTPIN LOST.

The advertiser has lost a breastpi somewhere on the streets of Raleigh. The Breas pin is a small one and in the shape of a key. It is high prized by the owner, and a liberal reward will be p to the finder by leaving it at the PROGRESS OFFICE
Nov 30-tf

FARM FOR RENT.

We have a farm containing 250 acres lying on the waters of Swift and Steep Hill Creek seven miles South of Raleigh, immediately on the Stag Road leading to Fayetteville. A Dwelling and necess ry out-house are on the place. Terms accommodatin For particulars enquire of
CREECH & LITCHFORD,
Raleigh, N. C
Nov 30-tf

NEW TANNERY.

Moses & Jordan will tan all heav Hides for one-third, all Skins, one-half, the balanc of the year. Location nine miles Southeast of Raleig and three quarters of a mile South of Auburn, on the N. C. Railroad.
Nov 30-1w*